### THE EDUCATION UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

### **Course Outline**

## Part I

**Programme Title** : All undergraduate programmes

**Programme QF Level:** 5

Course Title : Accreditation and Certification for Tourism Industry

Course Code : GGP4030

**Department** : Social Sciences and Policy Studies

Credit Points : 3
Contact Hours : 39
Pre-requisite(s) : Nil

**Medium of Instruction:** English

Course Level : 4

### Part II

The University's Graduate Attributes and seven Generic Intended Learning Outcomes (GILOs) represent the attributes of ideal EdUHK graduates and their expected qualities respectively. Learning outcomes work coherently at the University (GILOs), programme (Programme Intended Learning Outcomes) and course (Course Intended Learning Outcomes) levels to achieve the goal of nurturing students with important graduate attributes.

In gist, the Graduate Attributes for Sub-degree, Undergraduate, Taught Postgraduate, Professional Doctorate and Research Postgraduate students consist of the following three domains (i.e. in short "PEER & I"):

- Professional Excellence;
- Ethical Responsibility; &
- Innovation.

The descriptors under these three domains are different for the three groups of students in order to reflect the respective level of Graduate Attributes.

The seven GILOs are:

- 1. Problem Solving Skills
- 2. Critical Thinking Skills
- 3. Creative Thinking Skills
- 4a. Oral Communication Skills
- 4b. Written Communication Skills
- 5. Social Interaction Skills
- 6. Ethical Decision Making
- 7. Global Perspectives

## 1. Course Synopsis

Tourism has been important for economic development offering opportunities for generation of revenue and jobs. However, over tourism can cause catastrophic effects to the environment which trigger increasing attention for scholars, governments, and NGOs. Numerous green certification systems have been proposed and promoted to turn tourism operation to be more sustainable in order to reduce negative environmental impacts and enhance socioeconomic benefits. This course is to introduce how regulatory system through compulsory and voluntary-based green certification implemented to enhance sustainability performance of the tourism industry. This course also comprehensively introduces various sustainable practices adopted by different sectors of the tourism industry.

# 2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

*Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:* 

- CILO<sub>1</sub> Demonstrate a high level of competence in knowledge on sustainable tourism certification systems;
- CILO<sub>2</sub> Analyse the economic, environmental and socio-cultural impacts through adoption of sustainable tourism certification systems;
- CILO<sub>3</sub> Evaluate the effectiveness of the accreditation and certification systems of the tourism industry;
- CILO<sub>4</sub> Relate the knowledge of sustainable development concepts and principles of tourism planning and management.

# 3. Content, CILOs and Teaching & Learning Activities

	Course Content	CILOs	Suggested Teaching & Learning Activities
1.	<b>Background</b> : developmental history of accreditation and certification systems for tourism industry.	CILO <sub>1,2</sub>	Lectures, lecturer-led Q&A
2.	Tourism impacts: economic, environmental and socio-cultural impacts; tourism impact assessment	CILO <sub>2,3,4</sub>	Lectures, video, field visit, discussion
3.	Accreditation and certification: sustainability accreditation for tourism (e.g. GSTC, Earth Check, Green Destination, Ecotourism Australia), standard, criteria and indicators of various tourism sectors	CILO <sub>2,3,4</sub>	Lectures, video, discussion
4.	Implementation procedure: auditing procedure and methods (onsite and desktop), evaluation of sustainability performance of different tourism sectors.	CILO <sub>2,3</sub> ,	Lectures, video, students' presentation, discussion

#### 4. Assessment

Assessment Tasks	Weighting (%)	CILOs
(a) Group presentation to demonstrate the understanding of an example of sustainability accreditation and/or certification systems in tourism industry	30%	CILO 1, 3,4
(b) Individual essay (1,200 words) to critically examine the effectiveness of a sustainability accreditation and/or certification system in tourism industry	30%	CILO <sub>2, 3</sub>
(c) In-class exercises in group and individual format, including:		
- discussion and analysis related to tourism impacts, accreditation and certification	40%	CILO <sub>1</sub> , 2, 3, 4,
- desktop audit for the economic, environmental, and socio-cultural impacts of a tourism related business		

# 5. Required Text(s)

Font, X., & Buckley R. C. (2001). *Tourism Ecolabelling: Certification and Promotion of Sustainable Management*. New York: CABI Publishing.

# 6. Recommended Readings

- BALLINa, F. J., VALDÉs, L. & Valle, E. D. (2020) The Signalling Theory: The Key Role of Quality Standards in the Hotels Performance, *Journal of Quality Assurance in Hospitality & Tourism*, 21(2), 190-208, DOI: 10.1080/1528008X.2019.1633722
- Black, R., & Crabtree, A. (2007). *Quality Assurance and Certification in Ecotourism*. Cambridge, MA: CABI.
- Dunk, R. M., Gillespie, S. A., & MacLeod, D. (2016). Participation and Retention in a Green Tourism Certification Scheme. *Journal of Sustainable Tourism*, 24(12), 1585-1603.
- Honey, M. (Ed.). (2002). *Ecotourism & Certification: Setting Standards in Practice*. Washington, DC: Island Press.
- Karlsson, L., & Dolnicar, S. (2016). Does Eco Certification Sell Tourism Services? Evidence from a Quasi-Experimental Observation Study in Iceland. *Journal of Sustainable Tourism*, 24(5), 694-714.
- Klein, L., & Dodds, R. (2018). Blue Flag Beach Certification: An Environmental Management Tool or Tourism Promotional Tool? *Tourism Recreation Research*, 43(1), 39-51.
- Leslie, D. (2009). Tourism Enterprises and Sustainable Development: International Perspectives on Responses to the Sustainability Agenda. New York: Routledge.
- Mason, P. (2008). *Tourism Impacts, Planning and Management* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Amsterdam; Boston: Elsevier/Butterworth Heinemann.
- Margaryan, L., & Stensland, S. (2017). Sustainable by Nature? The Case of (non) Adoption of Eco-certification Among the Nature-Based Tourism Companies in Scandinavia. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 162, 559-567.

### 7. Related Web Resources

https://www.gstcouncil.org/en/
Green Globe Certification
https://greenglobe.com/
Earth Check

https://earthcheck.org/ EcoGuide Certification

https://www.ecotourism.org.au/our-certification-programs/eco-certification-5/

### 8. Related Journals

Annals of Tourism Research
Journal of Hospitality and Tourism Research
Journal of Travel Research
Journal of Sustainable Tourism
Tourism Management
Tourism Geographies
International Journal of Tourism Research
Asia Pacific Journal of Tourism Research

# 9. Academic Honesty

The University upholds the principles of honesty in all areas of academic work. We expect our students to carry out all academic activities honestly and in good faith. Please refer to the *Policy on Academic Honesty, Responsibility and Integrity* (<a href="https://www.eduhk.hk/re/uploads/docs/00000000016336798924548BbN5">https://www.eduhk.hk/re/uploads/docs/00000000016336798924548BbN5</a>). Students should familiarize themselves with the Policy.

#### 10. Other

Newspaper articles, magazines and other on-line videos on relevant current issues will be used wherever and whenever necessary and feasible.

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