THE EDUCATION UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

Course Outline

Part I

Programme Title: Bachelor of Social Sciences (Honours) in Global and

Environmental Studies;

Bachelor of Social Sciences (Honours) in Global and Hong Kong

Studies:

All undergraduate programmes

Programme QF Level: 5

Course Title : Globalization: Concepts and Debates

Course Code : SSC2149

Department : Social Sciences and Policy Studies

Credit Points : 3
Contact Hours : 39
Pre-requisite(s) : Nil
Medium of Instruction : EMI
Course Level : 2

Part II

The University's Graduate Attributes and seven Generic Intended Learning Outcomes (GILOs) represent the attributes of ideal EdUHK graduates and their expected qualities respectively. Learning outcomes work coherently at the University (GILOs), programme (Programme Intended Learning Outcomes) and course (Course Intended Learning Outcomes) levels to achieve the goal of nurturing students with important graduate attributes.

In gist, the Graduate Attributes for Sub-degree, Undergraduate, Taught Postgraduate, Professional Doctorate and Research Postgraduate students consist of the following three domains (i.e. in short "PEER & I"):

- Professional Excellence;
- Ethical Responsibility; &
- Innovation.

The descriptors under these three domains are different for the three groups of students in order to reflect the respective level of Graduate Attributes.

The seven GILOs are:

- 1. Problem Solving Skills
- 2. Critical Thinking Skills
- 3. Creative Thinking Skills
- 4a. Oral Communication Skills
- 4b. Written Communication Skills
- 5. Social Interaction Skills
- 6. Ethical Decision Making
- 7. Global Perspectives

1. Course Synopsis

Globalization has become an increasingly influential and intensively debated topic since the 1990s. This course is designed to introduce students to the concepts, issues, theoretical debates and perspectives essential for understanding globalization discourse. More specifically, the course examines the major features of globalization in its political, economic, cultural, technological, and environmental dimensions, pluralist perspectives related to the opportunities and challenges that globalization has brought to the contemporary world, the contest between globalists and skeptics regarding globalization and its consequent influence on human activities, arguments for and against globalization, and briefly, global paradigms and practice in response to globalization. In doing so, this course will help students come to an understanding of differing perspectives related to how globalization shapes and is reflected in the 'runaway world' which is emerging in an anarchic and haphazard fashion, carried along by a mixture of economic, technological and cultural imperatives.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILO_s)

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- CILO₁ understand the different interpretations of globalization and explain the arguments for and against globalization.
- CILO₂ identify and critically analyze major aspects of human activities being affected by globalization.
- CILO₃ assess the major challenges of globalization and evaluate the implications of globalization on human society with reference to selected pressing global challenges like financial crises and environmental sustainability.
- CILO₄ demonstrate an awareness of how globalization affects human activities in political, economic and cultural arenas and its consequences.

3. Content, CILOs and Teaching & Learning Activities

Course Content	CILO	Suggested Teaching
		& Learning Activities
Part One of the course focuses on the conceptual	$CILO_1$	• Lectures
framework for understanding globalization,		 Seminars
including		 Class Debates
• The concept of globalization and related		
concepts (e.g., internationalization, nation		
state, transnational bodies, and etc);		
• The theories of development (e.g., the world		
system theory, core-periphery framework,		
globalization discourse, and etc);		
• The historical developments of the world		
political and economic system and		
technological advancements that led to the		
shrinking of the world and a globalized age.		
Part Two of the course focuses on diverse	$CILO_2$	 Lectures
interpretations of globalization and its influence on		 Seminars
multiple dimensions of human activities, including		
• Political dimension (e.g., the spread of global		
values and ideologies such as human rights,		
democracy, and global ethics)		
• Economic dimension (e.g., the cross-border		
expansion of economic markets, financial		
crises, transnational economic corporations)		

•	Social and Cultural dimensions (e.g., the		
	expansions of consumer culture and the world,		
	the drastic increase of cross-border flow of		
	people, service, and technology, cross-cultural		
	awareness)		
•	The relation of these to the Environmental		
	dimension (e.g., environmental sustainability,		
	global climate change)	GII O	*
Part	Three of the course focuses on	$CILO_3$	• Lectures
•	Theoretical debates on globalization and the		Students' Tele-
	ways how globalization affects human society,		conferencing with
	including		overseas scholars
	- the contest between globalists and		in discussing
	skeptics;		globalization
	- the arguments for and against		discourses and
	globalization;		global issues
	=		giodai issues
	- the convergence and divergence in		
	policymaking in response to		
	globalization		
	- the cooperation and competition between		
	national governments and transnational		
	organizations (e.g., International		
	economic and financial institutions,		
	multinational corporations)		
	- benefits and problems of globalization		
	The examination of the major challenges that		
	globalization has brought to the contemporary		
	world, including		
	- changing forms of violence and poverty,		
	social justice, and wealth;		
	- protectionism, free, fair and unfair		
	trade;		
	- environmental sustainability;		
	- the influence of globalization on the		
	worldwide political and economic		
	imbalances, regional economic		
	disparities, and social inequality;		
	÷ •		
	- the global paradigms and practice in		
	equipping people to rise to the challenges		
	of globalization.		
Part	Four of the course focuses on	$CILO_4$	• Lectures
•	Conducting a brief survey on major strategies		 Students' group
	in different parts of the world in response to the		Presentations
	growing impact of globalization (as an		
	introduction to more in-depth examination of		
	these responses in later stages of the		
	programme), and		
	<u> </u>		
•	Examining the strengths and limitations of		
	these global and local practices / strategies.		

4. Assessment

Assessment Tasks	Weighting (%)	CILO
(a) Class Participation	10 %	$CILO_{I_{i}}$
Students are expected to take turn to lead the group		
discussions in class, and report the group's results.		
(b) Student Group Project	50%	CILO 2,3,4,
Students are required to collaborate with group		
members to research an issue related to the		
understanding of globalization discourse, followed		
by a group presentation and a written project report.		
(c) Individual Essay (1500 words)	40%	CILO 1, 2,
A review of required readings, with focus on the		3,4,
concept and debates on globalization at political,		
economic, cultural, and environmental dimensions.		

5. Required Text(s)

- Ervin, J., & Smith, Z. A. (2008). Globalization [electronic resource]: a reference handbook. ebray: ABC-CLIO.
- Held, D. (1999). Global transformations: politics, economics and culture. Stanford, California: Stanford University Press.
- Mooney, A., & Evans, B. (Eds.). (2007). Globalisation [electronic resource]: the key concepts. ebrary: Routledge.
- Schirato, T., & Webb, J. (2003). Understanding globalization [electronic resource]. ebray: Sage Publications.

6. Recommended Readings

- Craig, J. (2008). Globalization [electronic resource]: A study of our times: ebrary.
- Friedman, T. (2005). The World is Flat: A Brief History of The Globalized World In The Twenty-First Century. London: Allen Lane.
- Friedman, T. (2008). Hot Flat and Crowded: Why The World Needs A Green Revolution, And How We Can Renew Our Global Future. London; New York: Allen Lane.
- Haber, S., Douglass C. N., & Weingast, R. (Eds). (2008). *Political Institutions and Financial Development*. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- Held, D. & McGrew, A. (2004). The Global Transformation Reader. Wiley-Blackwell.
- Held, D. & McGrew, A. (2007). Globalization / Anti-Globalization. Cambridge: Polity.
- Kelleher, A. & Klein, L. (2008). Global Perspectives: A Handbook for Understanding Global Issues. Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Prentice Hall.
- McGillvray, A. (2006). A Brief History of Globalization: The Untold Story of our Incredible Shrinking Planet. Baker & Taylor Books.
- Oatley, T. (2009). *International Political Economy: Interests and Institutions in the Global Economy* (4th edition). New York: Pearson.
- Scholte, J. A. (2005). *Globalization: A critical introduction* (2nd ed.). New York: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Seitz, J.L. (2008). Global Issues: An Introduction. Malden, MA: Wiley-Blackwell.

Waters, M. (2001). Globalization [electronic resource] (2nd ed.): Routledge.

7. Related Web Resources

Anthony Giddens, "Runaway World", 1999 BCC Reich Lectures:

http://www.bbc.co.uk/radio4/reith1999/

Jeffrey Sachs 2007 BBC Reich Lectures:

http://www.bbc.co.uk/radio4/reith2007/

TV Documentary "Commanding Height":

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/commandingheights/hi/story/ch menu 03.html

Yale Global Online:

http://yaleglobal.yale.edu/index.jsp

Global Issues:

http://www.globalissues.org

Who controls the world:

http://whocontrolstheworld.com

8. Related Journals

Globalizations. Routledge.

Globalisation, Societies and Education. Routledge.

Global Society. Routledge.

Global Journal of Emerging Market Economies. SAGE.

Global Social Policy: An Interdisciplinary Journal of Public Policy and Social Development. SAGE.

The International Journal of Politics, Culture and Society. Springer.

Journal of Management and Governance. Springer.

The Review of International Organizations. Springer.

9. Academic Honesty

The University upholds the principles of honesty in all areas of academic work. We expect our students to carry out all academic activities honestly and in good faith. Please refer to the *Policy on Academic Honesty, Responsibility and Integrity* (https://www.eduhk.hk/re/uploads/docs/00000000016336798924548BbN5). Students should familiarize themselves with the Policy.

10. Others

Newspaper articles and video-clips on relevant issues.

11. Other Relevant References

Altman, R. (2009). *The Great Crash, 2008: A Geopolitical Setback for the West.* Foreign Affairs, 88(1), 2-14.

Bhagwati, J. (2004). In defense of Globalization. Auckland: Oxford University Press.

Camerson, A., Nesvetailova, A., & Palan, R. (Eds). (2008). *International Political Economy*. London: Sage.

Carney, R. (Ed). (2009) Lessons from the Asian Financial Crisis. New Work: Routledge.

- Giddens, A. (1999). A Runaway World: How Globalization is Reshaping Our Lives. New York: Routledge.
- Gilpin, R. (2000). The Challenge of Global Capitalism: The World Economy in the 21st Century. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press.
- Held, D. (Ed.) (2000). A Globalizing World? Culture, Economic, Politics. London and New York: Routledge.
- Huntington, S. (2002). *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order*. London: Simon and Schuster.
- Mattoo, A., & Subramanian, A. (2009). From Doha to the Next Bretton Woods: A New Multilateral Trade Agenda. *Foreign Affairs*, 88(1),15-26.
- Milner, H.V. (1998). International political economy: Beyond hegemonic stability. *Foreign Policy*, (110), 112-123.
- Mittelman, J.H. (2000). *The Globalization Syndrome*. New Jersey: Princeton University Press.
- Poland, M. J. (2005). *Understanding Terrorism: Groups, Strategies, and Responses* Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Pearson/Prentice Hall.
- Rogowski, R. (1990). Commerce and Coalitions: How Trade Affects Domestic Political Alignments. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1990.
- Stiglitz, J.E. (2003). Globalization and Its Discontents. New York: W.W. Norton.
- Tariq, A. (2002). The Clash of Fundamentalisms. London: Verso.

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