THE EDUCATION UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG Course Outline

Part I

Programme Title	:	Certificate in Professional Development Programme for English Teachers (Saturday Mode)		
Programme QF Level	:	5		
Course Title	:	Teaching Grammar in Context		
Course Code	:	ENG5401		
Department	:	Department of English Language Education (ELE)		
Credit Points	:	3		
Contact Hours	:	30		
Pre-requisite(s)	:	Nil		
Medium of Instruction	:	English		
Course Level	:	5		

Part II

The University's Graduate Attributes and seven Generic Intended Learning Outcomes (GILOs) represent the attributes of ideal EdUHK graduates and their expected qualities respectively. Learning outcomes work coherently at the University (GILOs), programme (Programme Intended Learning Outcomes) and course (Course Intended Learning Outcomes) levels to achieve the goal of nurturing students with important graduate attributes.

In gist, the Graduate Attributes for Undergraduate, Taught Postgraduate and Research Postgraduate students consist of the following three domains (i.e. in short "PEER & I"):

- **Professional Excellence**;
- Ethical Responsibility; &
- Innovation.

The descriptors under these three domains are different for the three groups of students in order to reflect the respective level of Graduate Attributes.

The seven GILOs are:

- 1. Problem Solving Skills
- 2. Critical Thinking Skills
- 3. Creative Thinking Skills
- 4a. Oral Communication Skills
- 4b. Written Communication Skills
- 5. Social Interaction Skills
- 6. Ethical Decision Making
- 7. Global Perspectives

1. Course Synopsis

This course explores the rationale, principles and strategies for teaching grammar in context to better support English language teaching and learning in KS2 and KS3. It introduces a text-based, meaning-focused approach to grammar teaching, supported with a variety of classroom teaching strategies. The course will facilitate teachers in enabling their students to raise their grammatical awareness and understand grammar forms as meaning in context, thus addressing language fluency, comprehension and accuracy in both a contextualized and coherent way. Teachers will analyse and evaluate samples of appropriate learning materials as well as adapt and design their own materials suitable for their students.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- CILO₁ Analyse the effectiveness of current grammar teaching approaches and practices and develop an understanding of the principles and strategies for contextualized grammar teaching and form-meaning relationships (PILO1);
- CILO₂ Design and evaluate practical activities to support students' grammar learning (PILO2); and
- CILO₃ Strengthen both competence and confidence in the teaching of grammar in context in KS2 and KS3 English classrooms (PILO3).

3. Course Intended Language Learning Outcomes (CILLOs)

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

CILLO₁ Further develop their grammatical awareness and competence.

4. Content, CILOs, CILLOs and Teaching & Learning Activities

Course Content	CILOs/ CILLOs	Suggested Teaching & Learning Activities		
 Rationale for grammar teaching in a foreign/second language teaching context: the need for comprehensible input, noticing, comprehensible output and internalization (leading to automatisation). 	CILOs 1 & 2	Lecture, modelling, workshop, seminar, discussion, sharing.		
• Principles for grammar teaching: purposeful and contextualised; form-meaning relationships, grammar as meaning making; thinking as a necessary part of learning (vs acquisition).	CILOs 1 & 2	Lecture, modelling, workshop, seminar, discussion, sharing.		

• A text-based, meaning-focused	<i>CILOs</i> 1, 2 &	Lecture, modelling,
approach to grammar teaching and	3	workshop, seminar,
strategies for integrating form,	$CILLO_1$	discussion, sharing, guided
meaning, purpose and context e.g.,		directed study, presentation,
contrasting comparable forms for		discussion, sharing,
different meanings, crossing out		microteaching.
forms resulting in loss of meaning,		
different sequencing for different		
meanings, dictogloss, creating		
contexts (and meanings) for a form.		

5. Assessment

Ass	essment Tasks	Weighting	CILOs/
			CILLOs
(a)	A unit of learning for teaching a chosen grammar	50%	CILOs 1,2 & 3
	form using a text-based meaning-focused		$CILLO_1$
	approach, including: a plan; and		
(b)	Presentation of individual poster illustrating a	50%	CILOs 1,2 & 3
	text-based, meaning focused strategy for		$CILLO_1$
	grammar teaching, and peer feedback on others'		
	presentations.		

6. Required Text(s)

Nil

7. Recommended Readings

- Azar, B. (2007). Grammar-based teaching: A practitioner's perspective. *TESL-EJ*, 11(2), 1-12.
- Carter, R., & McCarthy, M. (2006). *Cambridge grammar of English: A comprehensive guide: Spoken and written English grammar and usage*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Celce-Murcia, M. (2002). Why it makes sense to teach grammar through context and through discourse. In E. Hinkel & S. Fotos (Eds.), *New perspectives on grammar teaching in second language classrooms* (pp. 119–134). Mahwah, NJ: Lawrence Erlbaum.
- Collins, L. (2007). L1 differences and L2 similarities: Teaching verb tenses in English. *ELT Journal*, *61*(4), 295-303.

Cullen, R. (2008). Teaching grammar as a liberating force. *ELT Journal*, 62(3), 221-30.

- Curriculum Development Council (2002). *Key learning area curriculum guide (Primary 1-Secondary 3)*. Hong Kong: EDB.
- Curriculum Development Council (2004). *English language curriculum guide (Primary 1-6)*. Hong Kong: EDB.
- Derewianka, B. (2011). A new grammar companion for teachers. Newtown, N.S.W.:

Primary English Teaching Association, 2011.

- Education Department. (1993). *Teaching grammar and spoken English: A handbook for Hong Kong schools*. Hong Kong: Education Department.
- Ellis, R. (2001). Making an impact: Teaching grammar through awareness-raising. *Guidelines*, 23(1), 4-6.
- Ellis, R. (2006). Current issues in the teaching of grammar: An SLA perspective. *TESOL Quarterly*, 40(1), 83-107.
- House, J. (2009). The grammar gallimaufry: Teaching students to challenge the grammar gods. *English Journal*, *98*(3), 98-102.
- Jackson, H. (2002). *Grammar and vocabulary: A resource book for students*. London: Routledge.
- Jones, R. H. & Lock, G. (2011). Functional grammar in the ESL classroom: Noticing, exploring and practising. Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Larsen-Freeman, D. (2003). *Teaching language: From grammar to grammaring*. Boston, MA: Heinle, Cenage Learning.
- Parrot, M. (2010). *Grammar for English language teachers* (2nd Edition). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Qin, J. (2008). The effect of processing instruction and dictogloss tasks on acquisition of the English passive voice. *Language Teaching Research*, 12(1), 61–82.
- Rinvolucri, M. (1984). Grammar games: Cognitive, affective and drama activities for EFL students. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Schneider, J. (2005). Teaching grammar through community issues. *ELT Journal*, 59, 298-305.
- Shak, J., & Gardner, S. (2008). Young learner perspectives on four focus-on-form tasks. *Language Teaching Research*, 12(3), 387-408.

Thornbury, S. (1999). *How to teach grammar*. Essex: Longman.

- Thornbury, S. (2005). Uncovering grammar: How to help grammar emerge. London, Macmillan Education.
- Widodo, H. (2006). Approaches and procedures for teaching grammar. *English Teaching: Practice and Critique, 5* (1), 122-141.
- Watcyn-Jones, P. (2002). *Grammar games and activities*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

8. Related Web Resources

Nil

9. Related Journals

ELT Journal

10. Academic Honesty

The University adopts a zero tolerance policy to plagiarism. For the University's policy on plagiarism, please refer to the Policy on Academic Honesty, Responsibility and Integrity with Specific Reference to the Avoidance of Plagiarism by Students (<u>https://www.eduhk.hk/re/modules/downloads/visit.php?cid=9&lid=89</u>). Students should

familiarize themselves with the Policy.

11. Others

Mode of Delivery

To cater for the schedules of teachers in schools and their difficulties in being released from teaching, the programme will be offered on 5 consecutive Saturdays twice a year, once in Semester 1 (10, 17, 24 November and 1, 8 December 2018) and once in Semester 2 (25 May, 1, 8, 15 and 22 June 2019).

Each Saturday will be a stand-alone seminar exploring a strategy for teaching grammar in context, an area currently identified by EdB as a priority for teachers' professional development.

Participants who attend all of the 5 Saturday sessions and complete the assignment tasks either within one semester or across two semesters, will be considered as having completed the course, and will be awarded a certificate of programme completion.

The 30 course hours are organized as follows: 5 Saturdays x 6 hours (3 hours of lecture / modelling / workshop / seminar / discussion in the morning + 3 hours of guided directed study / presentation / sharing in the afternoon)

26 Oct 2018