## Subject: Economics

Topic: Price elasticity of demand

## Level: S. 4

## Background information:

This is the first lesson in this topic. Students are already familiar with the law of demand and supply, factors affecting a change in demand and supply and equilibrium price determination in the last topic.

## Learning objectives:

1. Content:

Students need to:
i. state the result of change in total revenue under different changes in price
ii. state the result of the change in total revenue under different types of price elasticity
iii. change information from a graphic to text, text to spoken language and spoken language to text.

## 2. Language:

Students will use content specific language (oral and written) to briefly predict and or explain the change in total revenue under different types of elasticity

## S. 4 Economics <br> Price elasticity of demand <br> Worksheet 1 for student A

Name: $\qquad$ No.: $\qquad$ Class: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Activity 1

## Instruction:

Imagine that there are a number of a good X . You want to increase the total revenue by changing the price of X . Refer to the Demand Diagram below, to complete a short paragraph.

1. Work in pairs.
2. Student A completes part I of worksheet A. At the same time, student B completes part I of worksheet B.
3. Exchange your work with your partner. Tell your partner about the information shown in the demand diagram and your findings so that he/she can complete part II of the worksheet .

## Demand Diagram

1. Identify which the type of price elasticity of demand is shown in the diagram.
2. Indicate the change in price and quantity by using $\uparrow$ or in the diagram.
3. Identify the areas E and F as either a gain in total revenue or a loss in total revenue.

4. Refer to the diagram above, complete the following:

Demand is $\qquad$ .
The price should $\qquad$ ,
then area $A$ is $\qquad$ in total revenue,
area $B$ is $\qquad$ in total revenue

As shown is the diagram, area $A$ is $\qquad$ than area B.
5. Tell your partner about the information shown in the Demand Diagram and your findings so that he/she can complete part II.

## S. 4 Economics <br> Price elasticity of demand <br> Worksheet 1 for student B

Name : $\qquad$ No.: $\qquad$ Class: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Activity 1



## Instruction:

1. Listen to the information your partner gives you.
2. Do not look at your partner's diagram.
3. Complete the diagram below using the information your partner gives you.
4. Write a short paragraph to describe and explain the change in total revenue by using the the terms elastic, inelastic, an increase, a decrease, larger than, smaller than ... etc.

## Demand Diagram



When demand is $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ in price will result an increase in total revenue. Thus, total revenue increases because the $\qquad$ in revenue is $\qquad$ the $\qquad$ in revenue.

As shown in Figure, the gain from $\qquad$ in $\qquad$ labelled as area $\qquad$ , is
larger than the loss from $\qquad$ in $\qquad$ labelled as area $\qquad$ .

## Answer for Worksheet 1

Demand is elastic; if price decreases, then $A$ is loss in revenue, $B$ is gain in revenue.
When demand is elastic, a decrease in price will result in an increase in total revenue. Thus, total revenue increases because the gain in revenue is larger than the loss in revenue. As shown in Figure, the gain from an increase in quantity demanded, labelled as area B, is larger than the loss from a decrease in price, labelled as area A.

